

According to Paul, how can we eat and drink the Lord's Supper in a worthy manner (v28 - 34)?

Week beginning 7th October 2024
Sermon: Sunday 13th October 2024

Study 11: Worshipping Together

Readings: 1Corinthians 11

What is most important about the Lord's Supper or Communion to you?

How will you prepare yourself to participate on the next occasion of the Lord's Supper is celebrated?

Read 1Corinthians 11:1 - 16:

What seems to be Paul's main concern for the church in this section?

The word 'head' in v3 could either mean 'chief' and 'ruler' or 'source' and 'origin' (like the head of a stream) Which understanding of headship best fits Paul's concern here? Explain.

In the light of the headship described in v3, why was it wrong for a man to pray or prophesy with his head covered (vv 4 - 10)?

Whether you were a man or a woman, how is it possible to forget who God is and who you are when you enter into worship?

In the culture of Corinth, a woman signaled that she was in right relationship with her husband either by wearing a veil that covered her hair or by wearing her hair up. What reasons does Paul give for continuing this practice (vv4 - 10, 13 - 16)?

Paul balances his previous statements by saying that “in the Lord” man is not independent of woman (vv11 -12). Why is this balance important?

What difference will this truth make in your relationship to the opposite sex?

Read 1Corinthians 11:17 - 34:

In New Testament times, Communion was celebrated during a common meal. What abuses had crept into this celebration (vv18 - 22)?

What is the purpose and significance of the Lord’s Supper (vv23 - 27)?

In the light of this, why would eating and drinking “without recognizing the body of the Lord” be so dangerous (vv29 - 32)?